

BY
DARRELL REYMAN-EVANGELIST

NOTE 28 THINGS WE MAY LEARN IN THIS STUDY:

- 1. WHAT TO DO WHEN TRIALS MOUNT UPON YOU
- 2. WISDOM CAN BE OBTAINED
- 3. HOW TO PRAY AND GET RESULTS
- 4. WHY DOES ONE SIN -- WHO CAN WE BLAME IF WE SIN
- 5. WHERE DO ALL GOOD GIFTS COME FROM
- 6. WHAT IS TRUE RELIGION
- 7. TREATING THE POORLY DRESSED IN THE ASSEMBLY
- 8. WHAT IS THE ROYAL LAW
- 9. IS SHOWING RESPECT OF PERSONS ACTUALLY A SIN
- 10. WHAT THE BIBLE SAYS ABOUT "FAITH ONLY" AND OUR SALVATION
- 11. WHAT MAKES A BODY DEAD
- 12. HOW SERIOUS IS IT TO BE A TEACHER
- 13. WHO IS A PERFECT MAN
- 14. A SMALL, UNRULY MEMBER HARD TO TAME
- 15. GOOD WISDOM FROM ABOVE AND DEVILISH WISDOM
- 16. WHERE WARS AND FIGHTINGS COME FROM
- 17. THE #1 REASON WE DON'T HAVE WHAT WE DESIRE
- 18. "DARLING, YOU CAN'T LOVE TWO"
- 19. THE PERSON GOD RESISTS
- 20. THE WAY TO BE EXALTED BY GOD
- 21. THE KIND OF REJOICING THAT IS BAD
- 22. A DEFINITION OF SIN
- 23. THE PATIENCE OF JOB AND OTHERS
- 24. THE TERRIBLE DANGER OF SWEARING
- 25. WHAT TO DO WHEN: AFFLICTED SICK CHEERFUL
- 26. THE VALUE OF CONFESSING OUR FAULTS
- 27. EFFECTUAL, FERVENT PRAYING WORKS
- 28. THE THRILL OF WINNING SOULS

INTRODUCTION:

James is the first of seven "general epistles" - this epistle was not written to any particular congregation or individual.

The writer is believed to be James, the half-brother of Jesus.

Date of writing has not been definitely established but no doubt during the last ten years of James' life. More than likely it was written from the city of Jerusalem.

The purpose of the epistle was to fortify the Christians during the times of trial and hardship and to correct wrong attitudes and actions in personal and church life.

The style of writing is very abrupt at times. Changes occur from one subject to another; something like the books of Proverbs and Ecclesiastes. Very practical and, interesting to read and ponder.

CHAPTER 1:1-8

1.	To whom was the book addressed? vs.1
2.	Can you name another epistle written to the same kind of folk?
3.	What instruction does James give when one has many trials? vs.2
4.	The "proving of your faith worketh"vs .2
5.	Define: WISDOM
6.	If you lack wisdom, what should you do? vs.5
7.	Who in the Old Testament sought the Lord for wisdom and obtained it?
	Locate the story in your Bible.
8.	What does James say about he who doubteth? vs.6-7
9.	Define: UNSTABLE

CHAPTER 1:9-15

What does the term "low degree" mean? vs.9	
What should the man of "low degree" do and why? Check James 2	 2:5
Explain verse 10 regarding the rich; how is he like the flower or grass?	∍r
What one word describes the man who endures temptation? vs.12	
Where else can you find the term "crown of life" or "crown of	E
righteousness" in the New Testament? II Tim	
When tempted, what is one thing we are not to conclude? vs. 1	
Define: LUST	
(vs.14) ENTICED	
Who is the real one to blame if you sin and do wrong? vs.14	
note also Mark 7:22	
What is the finished product of sin? vs.15	

CHAPTER 1:16-21

	ved brethren."	
od things come fr	om? vs.17	
called the "fath	er of lights";	what ways can
at makes this a g	ood description	on?
ENESS OR VARIATIO	N	
tten in the "new	birth"? vs.18	(Note- I Peter
'FRUITS" of His c	reatures.	
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told to do 2 thin	gs;	
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CHAPTER 1:22-27

"	Be <u>d</u> of the word not hearers only."
	If you are a hearer only, you are "d yourself."
,	Tell the illustration that James gives of a hearer only.
-	vs. 23-24
1	What is the "perfect law of liberty"? vs.25
	What verse tells us that if you want to be blessed you must not be a forgetful hearer?
	DEFINE: CONTINUETH (vs.25)
-	
D:	EFINE: VAIN
	PURE RELIGION is composed of 3 things according to vs.26-27 (can you name them and explain them)
	(can you name them and explain them)

CHAPTER 2:1-13

Apply verses 2-4 to an assembly of believers today. What does James say about the rich in vs. 6-7? What is the "royal law"? vs.8 Where is this found in Jesus' teaching? (Give text) Did the old testament law condemn showing partiality or hav respect of persons? If so, give text. How important is it to show mercy? vs. 13.	Explain	vs.1
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CHAPTER 2:14-26

1.	Define: FAITH
	"can faith save?" (by itself)
2.	Retell the case given here to illustrate the point at hand. vs. 15-16
3.	"even so <u>f</u> if it hath not <u>w</u> is <u>d</u> being alone" vs.17
4.	Explain vs.18.
5.	Who else believes that God is one? vs.19
6.	James restates in vs.21-25, the account of two others who had faith but it was coupled with works. Name these two.
7.	In vs.24, we find the only place in the New Testament where we have the term "faith only". Are we justified or saved by it?
8.	Abraham was called "the \underline{f} of \underline{G} ." How did Jesus say we could be His friends?
	John 15
9.	Just how dead is faith apart from works? vs.26

CHAPTER 3:1-12

Vss.3-5, list besides the to	three things, tho' small, that have great angue.
1	2
	3
Explain verse	6
Does verse 7-	teach that it is impossible to have a"tame
Does verse 7- tongue"? If n	teach that it is impossible to have a"tame
Does verse 7- tongue"? If n How have you briefly)?	steach that it is impossible to have a"tament, why not?seen vss. 9-10 demonstrated? (tell us the in
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	the practical book
	TER 3:13-4:6
1.	What is the proof of truly wise men? (vs.13)
2.	Describe wisdom that is earthly-sensual-devilish; what are
	it's "by-products"? (Vs.14-15)
3.	What does envying and strife bring forth? (Vs.16)
_	
4.	Name some fruits of "wisdom from above". (Vs.17)
5.	What does verse 18 mean?
_	Whose do Name and fightings, some from 2 (Mg. 1)
6.	Where do "wars and fightings" come from? (Vs.1)
7	Compliance are desired this are but desired than the Co.
7.	Sometimes we desire things but don't get them. Why? (Vs.2)

What	does verse 18 mean?	
Where	do "wars and fightings" come from? (Vs.1)	
	imes we desire things but don't get them. Why? (Vs.2	2)
Somet	imes we desire and ask and we don't get them. Why?	(V
What	stern rebuke does he set forth in vs.4?	
Expla	in:	
Expla	in verse 5.	
To who	om will God give "grace"? (Vs.6)	
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CHAPTER 4:7-17

1.	Two things are mentioned to do in verse 7. What are they? 1
	2
2.	"Draw nigh to and He will to you."
3.	Two more things James instruct us to clean up in verse 8; they
	are: 1
	2
4.	Vs 9, he exhorts to sobriety! "be, and
	" Laughter is to be "turned into" and
	joy turned to" What were they to be sorrowing
	about?
5.	What promise is made to the humble in verse 10?
6.	" not one of another."
7.	Who is the one lawgiver and judge?(note Matthew 10:28)
В.	Basically, what is wrong with the statement round in verse 13?
	(note Proverbs 27:1)
9.	Find a cross-reference to verse 14.
10.	"To him that to do and doeth it not,
	to him it is"

CHAPTER 5:1-12

Who is James addressing in Vss. 1-6?
What is the significance of Vs.4?
(Vs.5) Define: WANTON
The rich persecuted the righteous; what did the just do in such case? vs.6
In vs.7, James says to be patient. What does he use to illustrate this patience?
In vs.9, we are cautioned to " not" and he cites as example of patience, the prophets. Name some prophets who were patient.
Finally in vs.12, he tells them to "
Find some cross reference to this exhortation:

CHAPTER 5:13-20

What	should the one afflicted do?
	should the "merry" or "cheerful" do?
What	should the "sick" do?
Expl	ain vs.15
"con	6 talks about "confessing your faults". Is this teaching a fessional system" such as in the Roman Catholic Church y? AFFIRM or DENY and give your reasons why?
"con	fessional system" such as in the Roman Catholic Church
"con: toda;	fessional system" such as in the Roman Catholic Church
"con toda;	fessional system" such as in the Roman Catholic Church y? AFFIRM or DENY and give your reasons why? 7-18 James teaches that prayer works. Whom does he cite as